**Line Judge Duties**

1. Arrive 20 minutes before match starting time - right after the coaches/captains meeting.
2. Make yourself available to the First Referee (the one in charge of that match). This simply means going up to the officials and stating that you are a line judge for the match.
3. They will guide you on what information and how to show it to them using the flag. Please don't say to them "I've done this a hundred times.....". That in itself doesn't help them know what you really know or give them an opportunity for them to tell you what their expectations are of your duties.
4. You are there to give information to the Referees. They actually make the calls.
5. Stand about a ball width from the corner (the referee will be on you left and the endline on your right). Every time you make your call, make eye contact with the First Referee (on the stand). When the referee awards the point to a team, you can release your call.
6. Here is a brief rundown of what you'll do (**SALT**):
	1. **S**ervice fault: Also known as foot fault - The server must contact the ball for serve before they step onto the court. The line is part of the court as well so if they touch the end line and then contact the ball for serve, it's a service fault.
		1. Signal - Wave the flag above your head and simply point at the end line.
	2. **A**ntenna fault - If the ball hits the antenna (above or in the net), or hits any part of the net or net system outside the antenna, or hits the net post, it is an antenna fault. In addition, the entire ball must cross inside the antenna as it crosses the plane of the net or it's an antenna fault as well. So you may have to move from the corner in order to line up the ball and antenna to determine if it passes over the antenna or inside the antenna.
		1. Signal - Wave the flag above your head and simply point at the antenna. NOTE-both line judges can call both antennas.
	3. **L**ines (in/out) - If any part of the ball touches the side line or end line, the ball is IN.
		1. Signal IN - Using the flag arm, point to the center of the court on your side of the net. This is about 20 feet from your feet. The flag should droop down so the official can see your call.
		2. Signal OUT - Using the flag arm, point the flag straight up to the ceiling with an extended arm (not elbow bent).
	4. **T**ouch call - If a player contacts the ball and then the ball lands out of bounds, you'll signal a touch call.
		1. Signal - Holding the flag by the handle, place the flag in front of your chest, flag pointing straight up. Using the other hand, place the palm of your hand at the tip of the flag and lift your elbow to the same height as your hand, forming the letter "T".
	5. Time-out - Staying of the court itself, move to a position where the attack line and side line meet close to the First Referee. The referee may or may not say anything to you.
	6. At the end of the set, grab the game ball and take it back to the scorer's table.